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Long May It Wave

HUBERT M. ENGEMANN
CORP. FRANCIS J. MAGIN
CORP. CLARENCE G. BAILEY

"Let us then stand by the constitution as it is, and by our country as it is, one, united, and indivisible; let it be a truth engraved on our hearts; let it be borne on the flag under which we rally in every emergency, that we have one country, one constitution, one destiny."—Daniel Webster.

HOME STRETCH FOR THE LIBERTY LOAN.

Keep this thing firmly in mind. The boys whom we have sent to France are fighting for the things in life which we old most dear. Without these things, life would not be worth living.

The life of civilized nations is built upon the principles of truth, good faith, honor. If you can't depend upon other people's agreements, of what use is it to build houses or acquire property or make any effort for personal or community advancement.

Our enemies openly disregard and break their agreements and defy all laws of God and man. They deliberately revert to the conditions of 10,000 years ago, when the man with the biggest club ran things. They are attempting to upset and destroy everything man has accomplished in 10,000 years to make life worth while. They soil womanhood, and they trample upon old age with their cruel feet.

The world is going to be an intolerable place to live in if that kind of thing is to be allowed to rule and have its way. Every man with a spark of manhood either ought to get out with a gun and fight it, or if the government does not want him as a fighter, to stay at home and earn and save money for those who do fight it. Everything we love, hold dear and reverence, all our business profit and all civic prosperity, is threatened by this reversion to barbarism.

So we must all take hold with a will and give a splendid and ample support to the boys that are fighting this great battle so noisy. Let us make them feel that we are back of them to our last dollar. It is so slight a sacrifice we make for them, in fact no sacrifice at all. In buying Liberty bonds, with one act we make a splendid business investment and help to save all we hold dear from the claw of the beast.

WINNING THE WAR—HIGH EXPLOSIVES.

When there occurs a disaster in a munition plant like the explosion at Perth Amboy, N. J., popular sentiment lays it to Hun spies. No doubt they have caused many tragedies. It will be safe for the secret service to act as if they caused them all. But that won't solve the whole problem. Explosives are made up of substances which when subjected to heat or certain kinds of shock, promptly

go to pieces, yielding mostly gaseous products and liberating large quantities of heat. These gases expanding with inconceivable rapidity create the power which when confined within the barrel of a firearm, throws the bullet or shell a long distance. The great practical difficulty, is in finding combinations that will be secure against change or deterioration until the moment comes to apply the heat or shock. Explosives are usually composed of substances that absorb heat when they are formed, and this heat is liberated when they decompose.

So it happens that if a small portion of these explosives in storage begin to break down from any cause, heat is liberated, creating an explosion. Many of the mysterious disasters in munition plants resulted from this spontaneous decomposition. An instance of extreme liability is given by nitrogen iodide, which otherwise would have great possibilities in warfare. It will blow up if touched by a feather, and sometimes go off merely after friction with air when being moved from one place to another.

Considering our scientists are working with new combinations, it is remarkable that there have not been more explosions. These have seemed less frequent as the war has gone on. A great body of the best chemists are working on the problem of safeguarding our munition workers and our soldiers while handling these treacherous materials.

As the Germans agree to all President Wilson's 14 peace terms, except Terms Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14, they lay upon the bloody Americans the responsibility for further fighting.

Anyway the Huns think it is mighty unprincipled that we won't stop and talk peace two months while they get up a new supply of ammunition to kill our boys with.

The spies deny that they caused the T. N. T. explosion at Perth Amboy, as their time is fully occupied in spreading influenza germs.

There is little danger of revolution in Germany until their supply of beer is cut off.

The people who kick because fire insurance costs so much, are often the same ones who deposit hot ashes in wooden barrels.

The American consul to Bulgaria has side whiskers, but so long as he doesn't wear a ruffled shirt, it will not be advisable to start a movement to recall him.

When a man won't take a Liberty bond because his income has been reduced, ask him if it isn't still several times more than that of the soldier who is risking his life in the trenches.

The German people have got all over their fear of the Americans as Kaiser Bill has informed them that our entire army in the training camps is dead with influenza.

Switzerland is conserving food by the simple process of making bigger holes in its cheese. Other nations take the more elaborate way of making bigger holes in pocketbooks.

No true gentleman ever stands between a lady and a looking glass.

The girls who won't wear simple clothes nowadays are commonly the same ones whose faces have to be covered with paint before it is considered safe to have them looked at.

The danger of going to church on account of influenza germs are felt by a good many people long before this epidemic was ever heard of.

People who begin the use of gas bombs should know which way the wind blows.

It's about time for the girls who have been wearing furs all summer, to discard them and get out their extra long cut waists.

Has Government Position. Miss Nell McSorley left here for Detroit Friday noon to take up an office position with the government in war work matters. Miss McSorley has been in the employ of Belding Bros. & Co., for a number of years and has many friends here who wish her success in her new field.

The President Puts it
Squarely up to Us. What
are We going to do about
it?

BUY MORE BONDS!

Comfort Plus
Durability

Constant skin contact is the secret of comfortable underwear. In the underwear we feature this has been accomplished by knitting on spring needles, a fabric of great elasticity. This underwear stretches to meet body conformation, but instantly returns to shape when the pressure is removed. There is no dragging, binding or irritation in these garments. Stephenson wool and Cooper Benington garments are made this way; they'll wear longer and give greater satisfaction than the other kind.

Underwear is getting scarcer and higher all the time; it is advisable to get what you need now.

\$1 \$2 \$3 \$5 \$7

Fristoe & Divine

WEAR 'EM FULL LENGTH, LADIES, AND SAVE FUEL

Chicago, Oct. 14.—Lingerie, ladies, may win the war!

The latest in Chicago—is that the United States has called on the fair sex to don warmer—well now, it's rather difficult to be explicit, but, anyway here's the story:

It seems that Chicago landlords have been saving coal. Hundreds of complaints have been made to the fuel administration about no heat in the bathroom and so forth. The fuel administration has issued a signed statement in which it discusses lingerie. It says:

Many of the unreasonable demands by tenants for more heat are due to the improper dress of women, who if properly clothed with (full length) undershirts, with (full length) sleeves and buttoning up to the neck, would not require heat when the temperature is as high as 68 to 70 degrees in the morning and 70 degrees or more in the middle of the day."

Death Follows Accident.

John W. Moore, aged 66 years, died at his home in the north part of the city, Monday morning at 9 o'clock, following the accident which he had near Barrytown last week and which resulted in his taking pneumonia, which caused death. Mr. Moore was the first station agent at Chadwick many years ago when the railroad was put through and was the first alderman elected in the First ward when this village was incorporated as a city. He had been supervisor in his ward for the past three years and was considered as a very competent official and a highly esteemed citizen. He had been a resident of this city for the past 26 years. He is survived by his widow, two sons, Arthur and Byron Moore, to daughters, Mrs. Roland Leland and Mrs. Wm. T. Moore, of this city, a son, Frank Moore of Greenville, Clifford Moore of Lansing, Myron Moore, West Point, Miss. Ira Moore of Smoky Butte, Mont., Mrs. Myra Treat of Orleans and another daughter, Mrs. Mittie York of Evert, to whose home he was going when the accident occurred. He is also survived by three brothers, Wm. J. Moore of Orleans, Charles Fremont Moore of Elmdale and John Moore of Sand Point, Idaho. His mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Treat, also survives him.

Funeral arrangements are not yet completed owing to the non-arrival of Ira Moore from Smoky Butte, Mont.

Right Way to Cook Cereals.

There are several practical points to remember in cooking cereals. One is that there is more danger of not cooking them enough than of cooking them too much. Uncooked cereal preparations, like cracked wheat and coarse sump, need several hours' cooking and are often improved by being left on the back of the stove or in the fireless cooker overnight. Cereals partially cooked at the factory, such as the rolled or fine granular preparations should be cooked fully as long as the directions on the package suggest.

Flavoring is also an important part of cooking cereals. The flavor most commonly added is salt. Such added flavor is perhaps less necessary in some of the ready-to-eat kinds which have been browned at the factory and have thus gained the pleasant flavor which also appears in the crust of bread and cake or in toast, but in the plain boiled cereals or mushes the careful use of salt in cooking them may make all the difference between an appetizing and an unpalatable dish. A good general rule is one level teaspoonful of salt to each quart of water used in cooking the cereal.

Former Local Boy Dies.

Private James E. Maynard, C. H. M. D., accidentally wounded by revolver shot at Camp Pike, Ark., on May 28, died at Ft. Des Moines, Iowa, hospital, last week. The remains were brought to his home at Shiloh and the funeral was held Friday. He was a grandson of Frank Maynard and an only child of Bert Maynard. He was a nephew of Mrs. O. J. Barker and formerly worked in the factories here. He leaves a wife and three small children at Detroit.

Took Overdose of Pills.

Margie, the three-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hough of Flint, took an overdose of worm pills Tuesday morning and for a time thereafter was in a serious condition. The child was taken sick on the street in front of Wm. Covert's residence on Bridge street and was taken in there where Dr. F. D. Harrison attended her and got her back on the road to recovery. Mrs. Hough is here from Flint with the two children and was visiting friends. The child consumed about one-half of the contents of the box of pills and the overdose caused very nearly being too much for the little constitution to take care of.

Y. M. C. A. Had Good Time. Sept. 30, the High school Y. M. C. A. group with their leader, L. Hockett went out to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Johnson and held a regular meeting. At the same time enjoying numerous songs and games with C. Edward Johnson, one of the first members of this group. C. Edward would leave for M. A. C. soon so before leaving they met and Mr. Dennis took a splendid picture of the group. Mrs. Johnson served doughnuts and cider after which the whole bunch, 14 in number, piled into Carroll Ring's Ford, singing all good wishes to Edward and his future Y. M. C. A. experiences.

Belding Farm House Burns.

The pumping station siren and the big whistle on Factory A. got busy again last Friday morning at about half past two o'clock, after a long period of inactivity in announcing the occurrence of a fire and let it be known that there was a fire in the First ward. A ruddy glow in the sky over in the northeast part of the city told that it was in that direction and it soon became known that the fire was in the house on the Belding farm, occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Fred Smith, was on fire. The new fire truck made a record run over to the scene, but owing to the department being unable to get a hose connected with the water main, through the fact that the city mains do not run near the farm, the chemical apparatus was used but the building was doomed from the start and it was soon a mass of flames and a little later nothing remained but the charred and smouldering ruins. The cause of the fire is unknown, but

it started in the upper part of the house and must have been caused by mice, or some other cause. Mr. and Mrs. Smith have moved into their son's house on River street until the house is rebuilt.

VOTE FOR COOK AND BREAK THE RING.

To the Voters of Ionia County: "Winning the War" is the uppermost thought in the minds of every patriotic citizen and for that reason I have not felt justified in spending months of time and money campaigning for county office. I request that you look up my record, and ask your support.

I elected, I will give Ionia county a clean, business-like administration. I stand squarely for right, justice and a square deal.

I will enforce the law without fear or favor.

I have had years of experience. I know the criminal class, their ways, and how to handle them.

I understand the Federal work now connected with the sheriff's office.

I have made no promises and will appoint able and efficient deputies.



I will go on a salary and turn all fees to the county at the supervisors' request.

A letter from Otis Fuller, Warden Michigan Reformatory, to Ed. D. Engemann, Belding, Mich.:

"Dear Sir: I have your favor of July 17 inquiring about the character, habits and general social standing of Henry J. Cook, and about the length of time of his employment in Michigan Reformatory."

"In reply thereto, I take pleasure in informing you that I found Mr. Cook on the official staff of this institution when I came here more than 24 years ago and I believe he had at that time been here about three years. Mr. Parsell, my predecessor, recommended him to me as one of his best officers, and during the last quarter of a century I have found him to be a man of the highest character, exemplary habits, high intelligence and of first class standing in every respect in the community."

"He has been assistant hallmaster for several years, one of the most responsible positions in the institution, and he has been one of my most able and satisfactory officers."

"Very truly yours,"

"Otis Fuller, Warden."

ONE PACKAGE
FOR EACH OF
OUR SOLDIER BOYS

ALL CHRISTMAS PACKAGES AND
GIFTS MUST BE SENT THROUGH
THE RED CROSS SOCIETY.

The War department authorizes the following: Regulations governing the shipment of Christmas parcels to army men in service overseas by relatives in this country have just been completed, following a series of conferences between officials of the War department, the Postoffice department and the American Red Cross. Under the plan worked out every American soldier in a foreign land will be permitted to receive one package containing Christmas gifts from the United States.

The navy department has a separate arrangement to enable men in that branch of the service on duty abroad to obtain holiday boxes from loved ones at home.

Relatives and friends who are planning to make Christmas for the soldiers in the war zones as merry as conditions will permit, should bear in mind that each soldier is entitled to but one of these packages. The War department will not accept more than one parcel for each man. It is expected that approximately 2,000,000 of these packages will be sent abroad, and the amount of shipping space provided for their transportation will not permit of any deviation from the "one-parcel-a-man" rule.

The men themselves will decide who is to send these parcels. They are now receiving Christmas-parcel labels with instructions to mail these labels to the persons in this country from whom they wish to receive the holiday box. To avoid any chance of duplication each soldier gets but one of these labels. Packages that do not bear these labels will not be accepted. In the event of this label being lost it cannot be replaced. No Christmas parcels will be accepted for shipment after November 20. The cardboard boxes or cartons to be provided for these parcels are 3x4x9 inches in size. When packed, wrapped and ready for mailing these boxes must not weigh more than 5 pounds.

The American Red Cross has agreed to provide these cardboard boxes and to supervise their distribution to relatives of the soldiers who present the proper Christmas parcel label credential. The distribution of the cartons will be made by Red Cross branches throughout the country. It will be incumbent upon the person receiving one of these boxes to return it when filled, but unwrapped, to the collection point designated by the Red Cross. Here it will be inspected by Red Cross inspectors authorized to

exclude any articles barred by the postal authorities, after which the box will be shipped. In short, the Red Cross is responsible for the distribution, receipt at designated points, the inspection and mailing of the boxes.

The following is an outline of the procedure to be followed by persons planning to send one of these parcels abroad:

On receiving one of these Christmas parcel labels it should be presented at the nearest chapter, branch or auxiliary headquarters of the Red Cross, where the holder will receive a carton. These labels are not expected to reach this country before November 1, but by that time each Red Cross branch will have its allotment of boxes based on the number of soldiers in service overseas from that community.

These boxes may be filled with any combination of articles, except those on the list barred by the postal officials. The articles prohibited are all intoxicating liquors, all inflammable material, including friction matches and any composition likely to ignite or explode (cigarette lighters come under this classification), liquids and fragile articles improperly packed. Under the postal regulations no note or message or written matter of any kind will be permitted to remain in the boxes. In addition to the foregoing list of prohibited articles, relatives and friends of the soldiers are urged to bear these facts in mind when preparing Christmas parcels: Do not put anything in the package which will not keep fresh until Christmas.

Pack dried fruits and other food products in small tin or wooden boxes. Give preference to hard candy over chocolates, unless the latter are enclosed in heavy wrappers. Soft chocolates are easily crushed and may spoil the other contents.

Do not put articles packed in glass in the package.

Gifts should be wrapped in khaki-colored handkerchiefs, 27 inches square.

When the package has been packed it should be taken unwrapped and unsealed, together with the label and sufficient stamps to the nearest collection center designated by the Red Cross. After the package has passed the inspection of the Red Cross representatives, as to contents and the weight, and been wrapped in stout paper, the Christmas label bearing the address of the man for whom it is intended is placed on it. The person sending the package in the presence of the Red Cross worker, is required to affix stamps sufficient to carry it to Hoboken, N. J. The postal charges

are to be at the rate of fourth class or parcel post zone rate. A label certifying that the inspection has been completed by the Red Cross is placed on the package which is left in the custody of the Red Cross until delivered to the postal authorities.

The navy department has issued the following instructions regarding the shipping of Christmas packages to sailors in home waters and abroad.

(a) Packages forwarded by parcel post for men in the navy must comply with the postal regulations and should be enclosed in substantial boxes with hinged or screw-top cover to facilitate opening and inspecting.

(b) All boxes shipped by express are limited to 20 pounds in weight, should measure not more than 2 cubic feet in volume, be of wood, well strapped and have a hinged or screw top to facilitate opening and inspecting.

(c) All mail matter should be addressed as now prescribed by the postal regulations. All express packages

should be forwarded in care of supply officer, fleet supply base, Twenty-ninth Street and Third avenue, South Brooklyn, N. Y.

(d) No perishable food product other than those enclosed in cans or glass jars should be packed in parcel post or express shipments.

(e) All packages must be plainly marked with the name and address of the sender, together with a notation indicating the nature of the contents, such as "Christmas box," or "Christmas present."

(f) The supply officer at New York will cause each express package to be opened and carefully examined to see that nothing of an explosive or other dangerous character is forwarded.

The shipment of Christmas packages for United States naval vessels abroad should be made so as to reach New York as early as possible, and not later than November 15.

BUY W. S. S.

If You Buy It Of Willoughby You Know It Is Good. Merchandise of Quality Is All We Carry in Our Stock

We carry one of the most complete lines of merchandise to be found and we solicit a share of your business, because we believe that we "Are the most reasonable in price." We give you the highest quality to be found in our line. Because of our large stock we still have a great many articles at the old prices before the merchandise advanced. Let us show you and be convinced.

Do your Christmas shopping now and help Uncle Sam.

BUY MORE LIBERTY BONDS.

YOURS FOR QUALITY, PRICES AND SERVICE

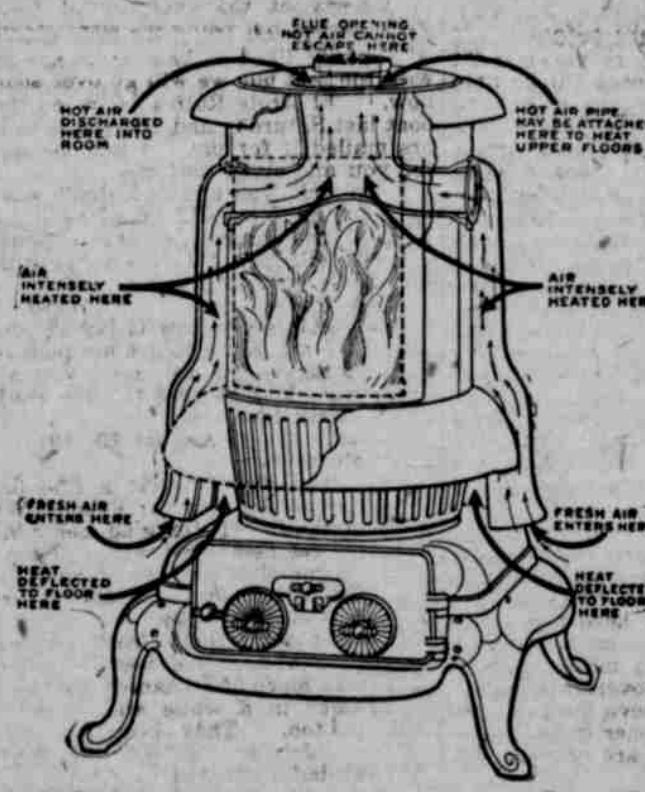
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JEWELRY and PATHEPHONES

Watch Makers and Inspectors for Pere Marquette Railroad.

Thirteen Years in the Jewelry Business.

Did You Ever See Anything Like This Before?



Two Heating Systems
in one. A Warm Air
Furnace Built Inside a
Heating Stove.

Saved Fuel Pays For It

First cost ought not to
be considered. Half to
three-quarters of all
heat generated in an
ordinary stove is wasted---shot up the chimney. In the

Estate Hot Storm

this loss of heat is reduced to a minimum. The little furnace blocks upward rush of heat absorbing it and throwing it back against the radiating surface of the stove proper. Great saving of fuel. Your Estate Hot Storm will pay for itself in a few seasons---after that it will pay you.

50 Hours Fire on One Charge of Any Kind of Coal

Use inexpensive fuel---it will burn any kind---hard or soft coal, even slack. There are many reasons why you should buy an Estate Hot Storm stove. We recommend and guarantee this stove. Call in and let us show you. "Tell Your Friends"

Furniture,
Rugs, Etc. **Ballard-Lloyd Co.** Funeral Directors
Belding, Michigan